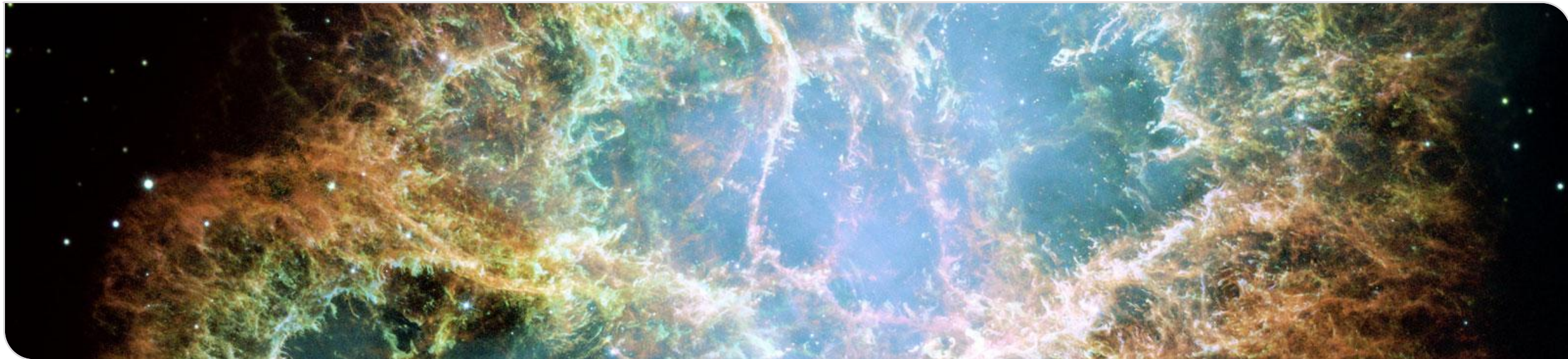




Dark Matter & Neutrinos under the Microscope

Alexey Elykov

Institute for Astroparticle Physics (IAP)

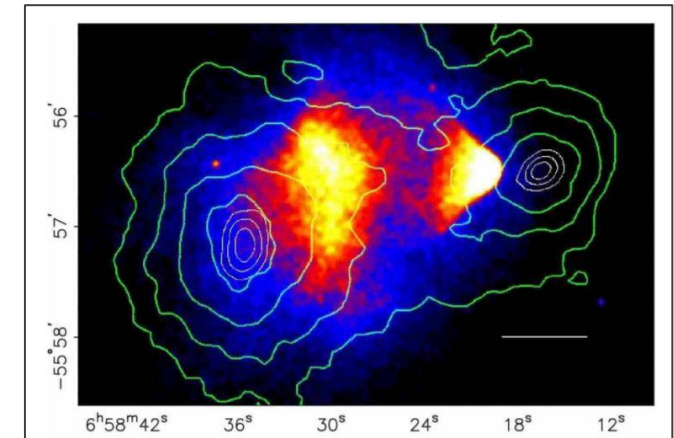
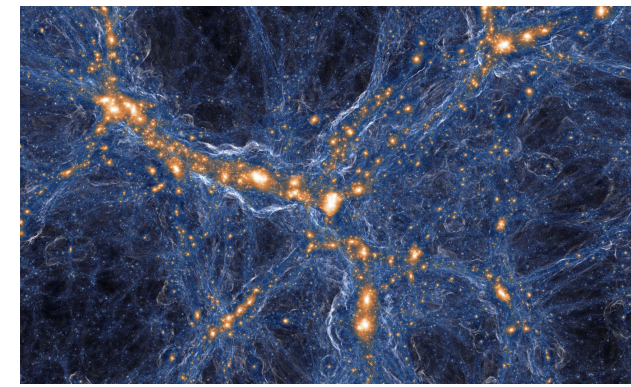


Dark Matter

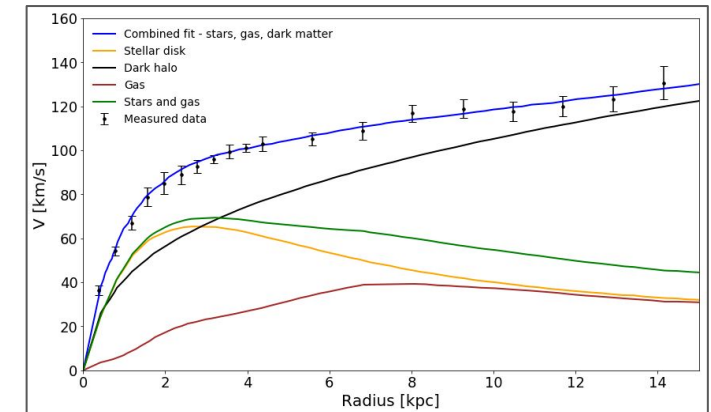
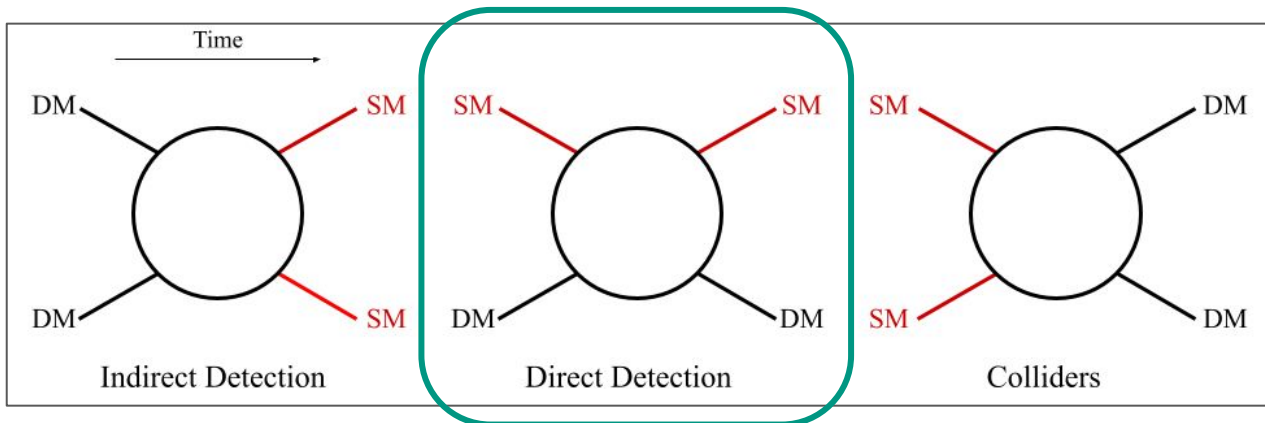
Dark Matter: ~ 85% of all matter in the Universe, unknown nature

Dark Matter candidates:

- ❖ **W**eakly **I**nteracting **M**assive **P**articles (WIMPs), mass ≈ 10 GeV - few TeV
- ❖ SuperWIMPs, WIMPzillas, “fuzzy” Dark Matter, Axions, ALPs ... etc...

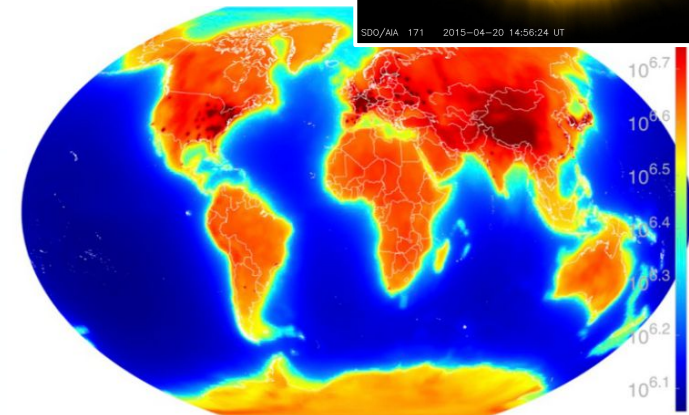
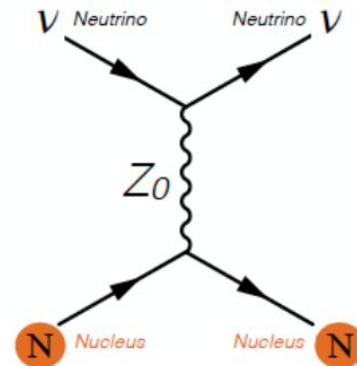
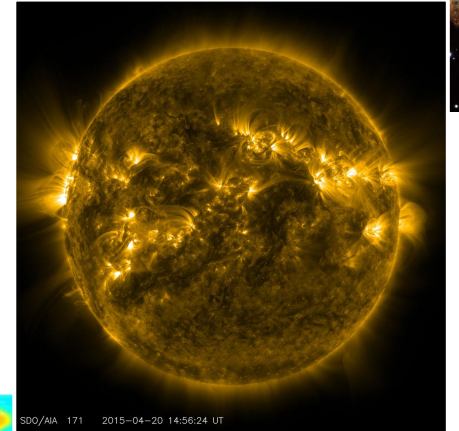
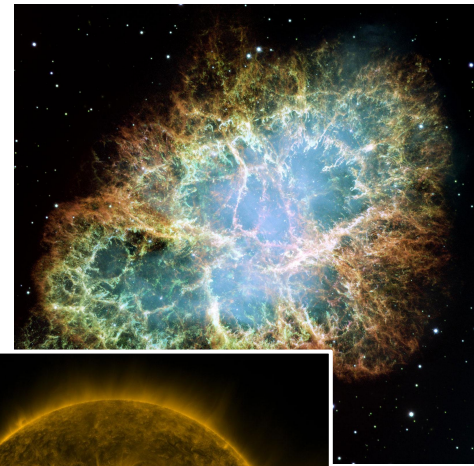


Paths for Dark Matter detection



Neutrinos

- ❖ Properties are still largely unknown
- ❖ Can shed light on fundamental open questions
- ❖ Large range of energies
- ❖ **Astrophysical messengers (history & evolution):**
 - Sun
 - Supernovae
 - Cosmic-rays
 - Galactic & extragalactic
- ❖ Geoneutrinos



CEvNS

Dark Matter & Neutrinos - Detection

XENON dark matter direct detection experiments at Laboratori Nazionali del Gran Sasso (LNGS)

Growing **bigger** & more **sensitive**



XENON10

2005 - 2007

15 kg



XENON100

2008 - 2016

161 kg



XENON1T

2016 - 2019

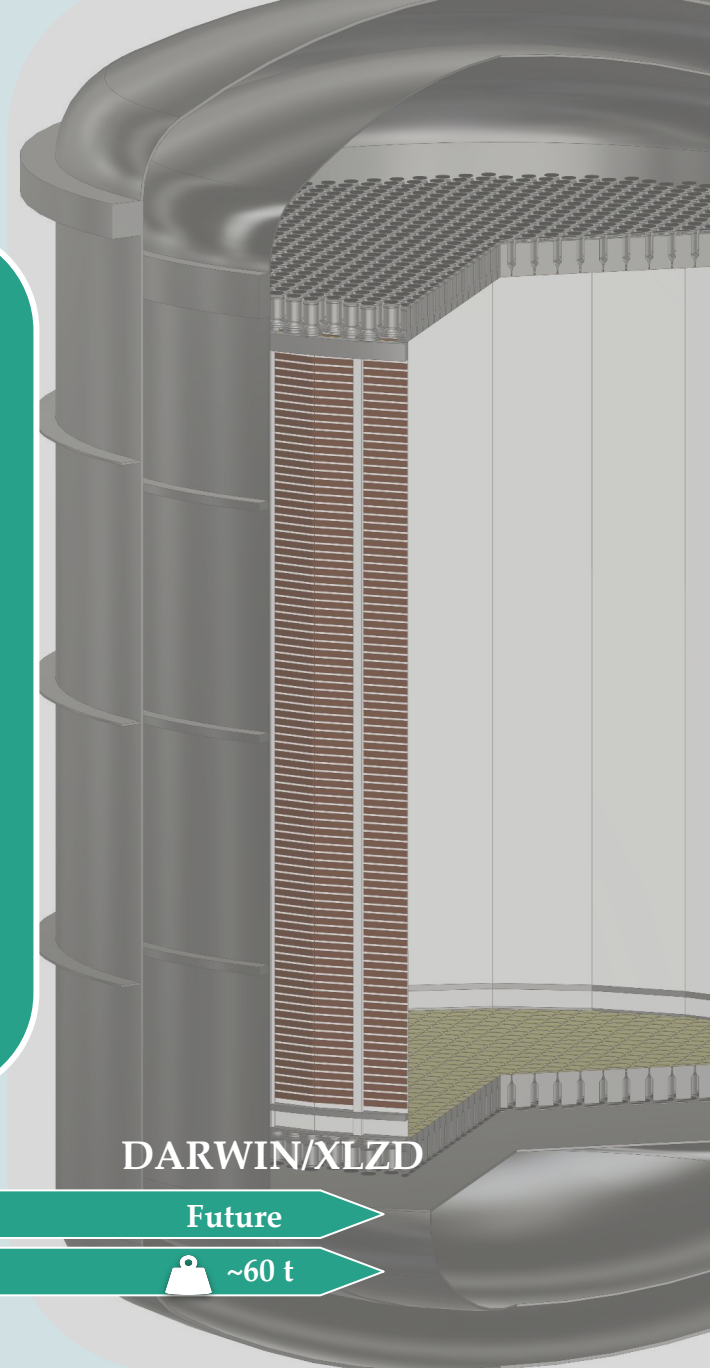
3.2 t



XENONnT

2020 - Now

8.5 t



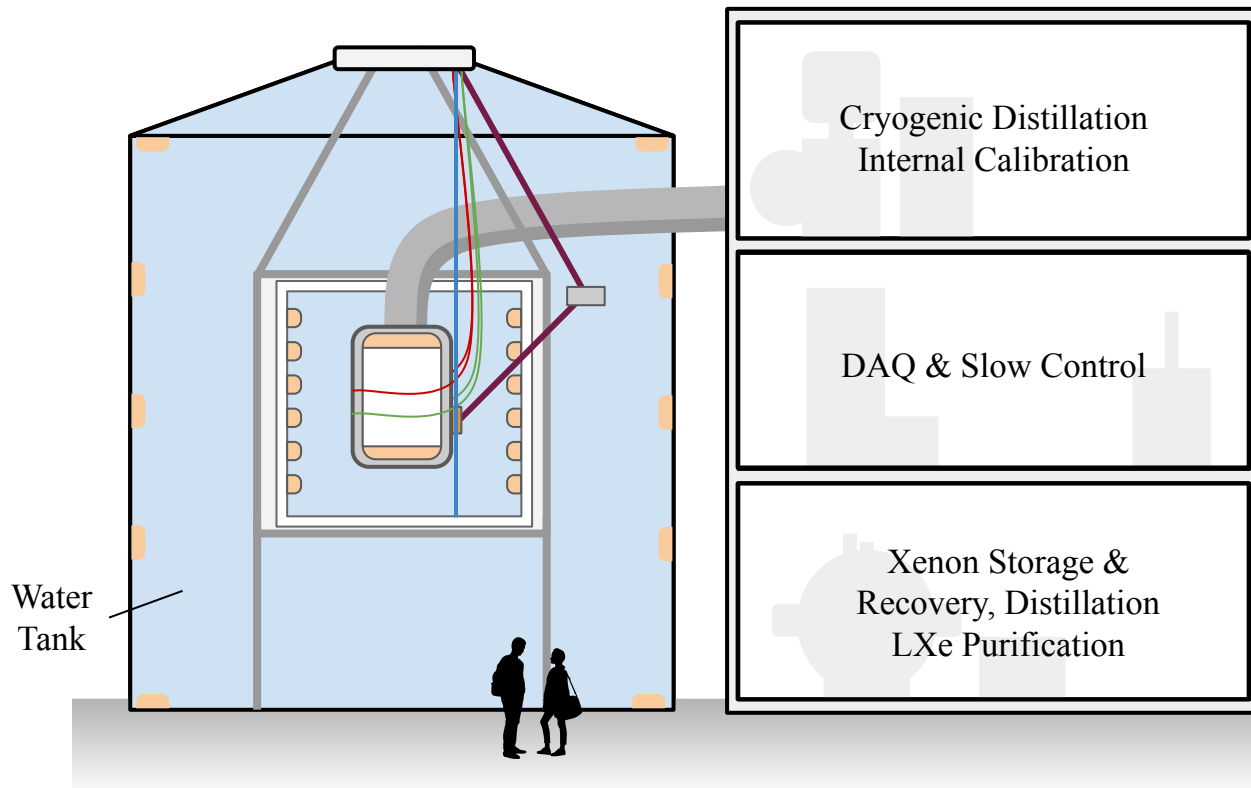
DARWIN/XLZD

Future

~60 t

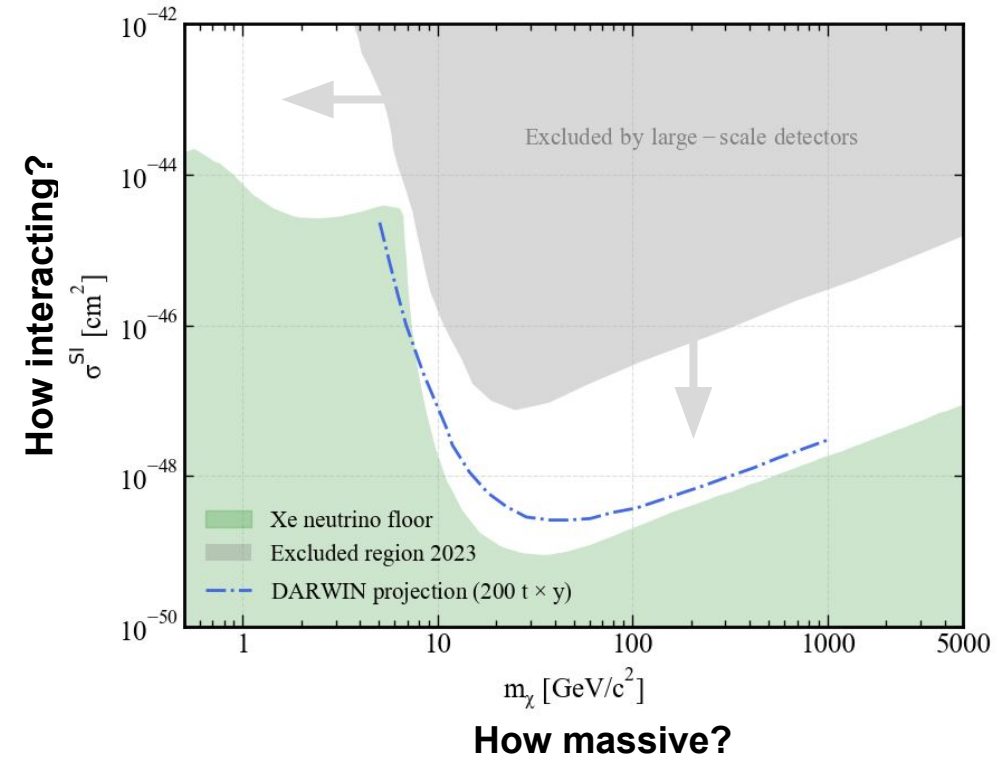
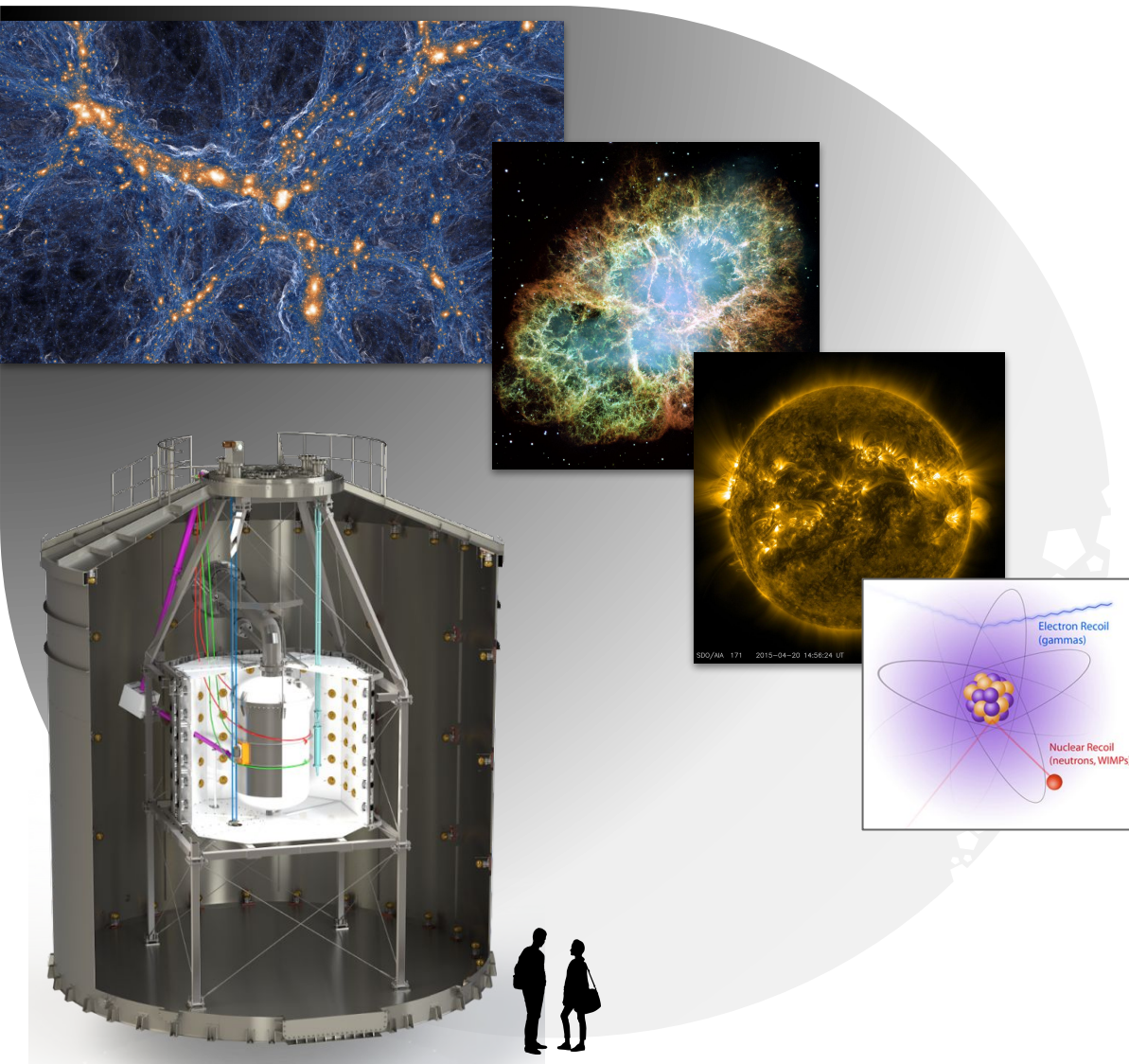
Dark Matter & Neutrinos - Detection

Located at Laboratori Nazionali del Gran Sasso, Italy
~1500 m rock overburden (3600 m.w.e.)



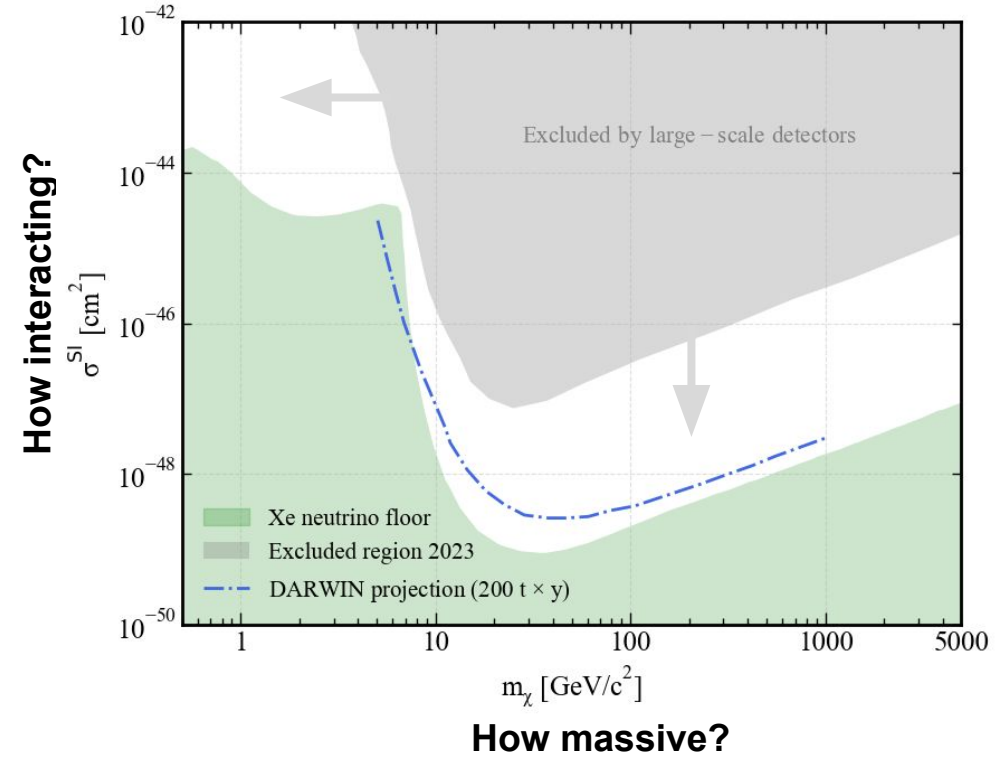
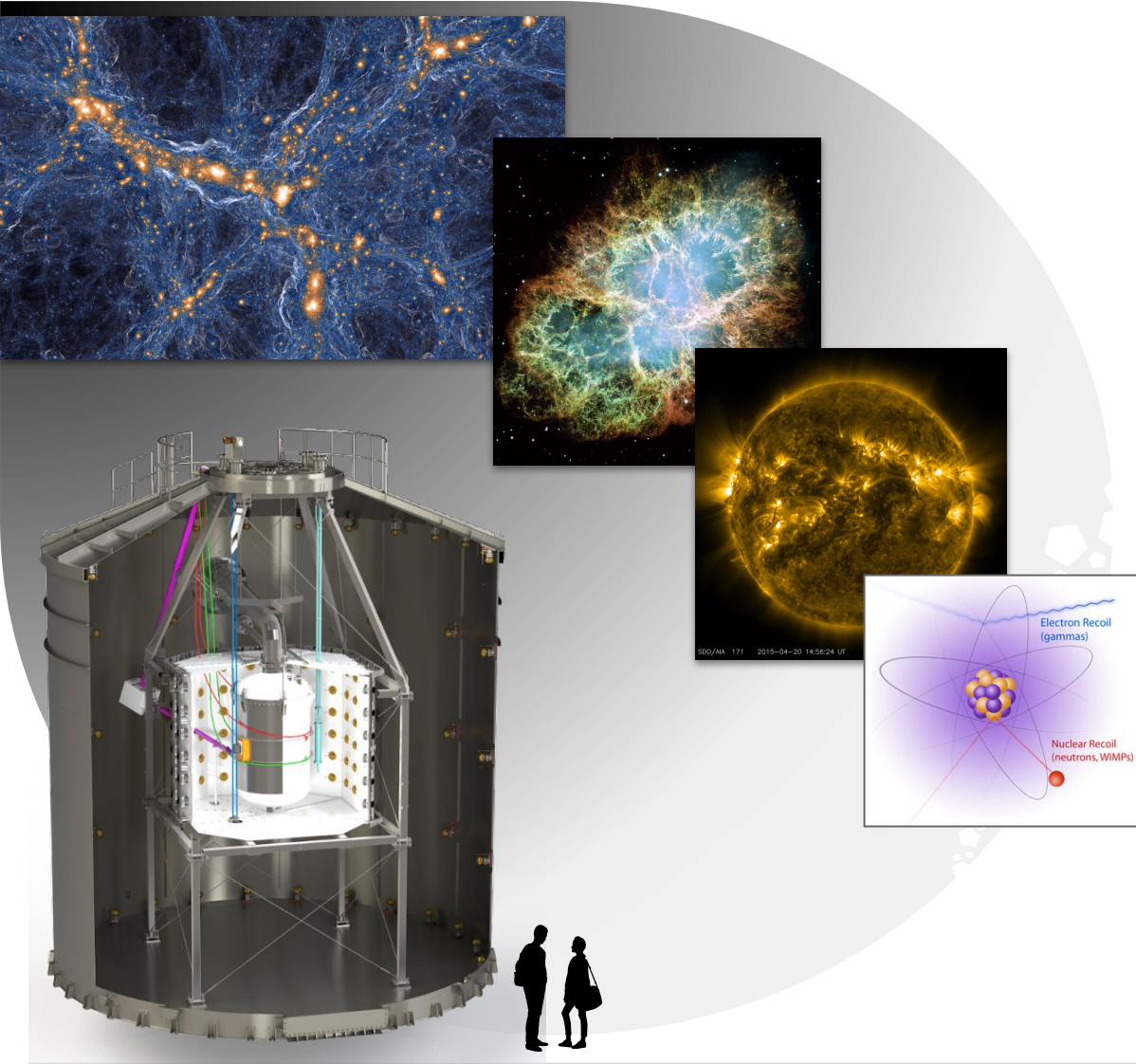
12 countries
27 institutions
170+ scientists

Dark Matter & Neutrinos - Detection



**Dark Matter still eludes detection &
we are still puzzled by the nature of neutrinos!**

Dark Matter & Neutrinos - Detection



**Think
outside
the box**

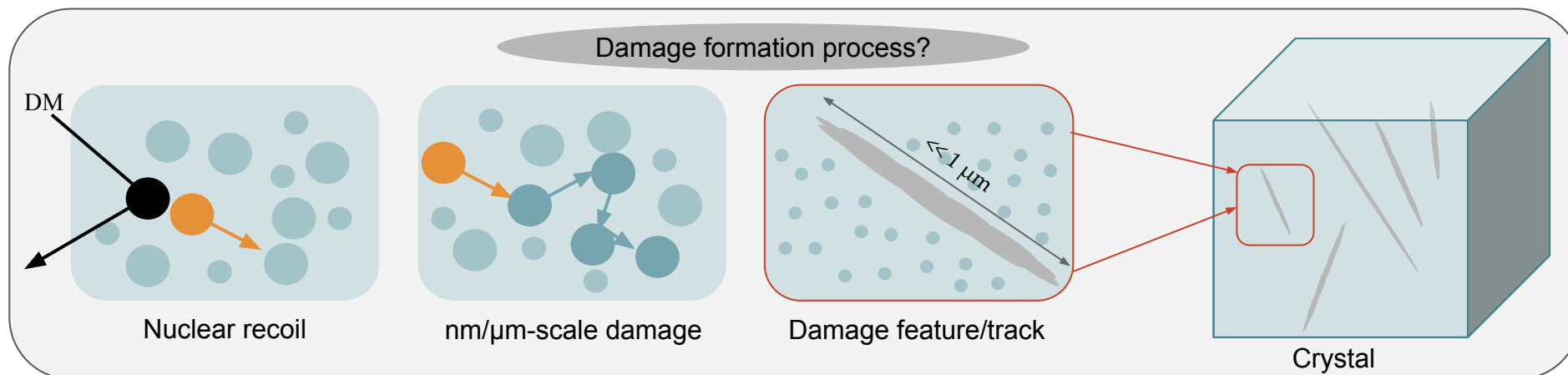
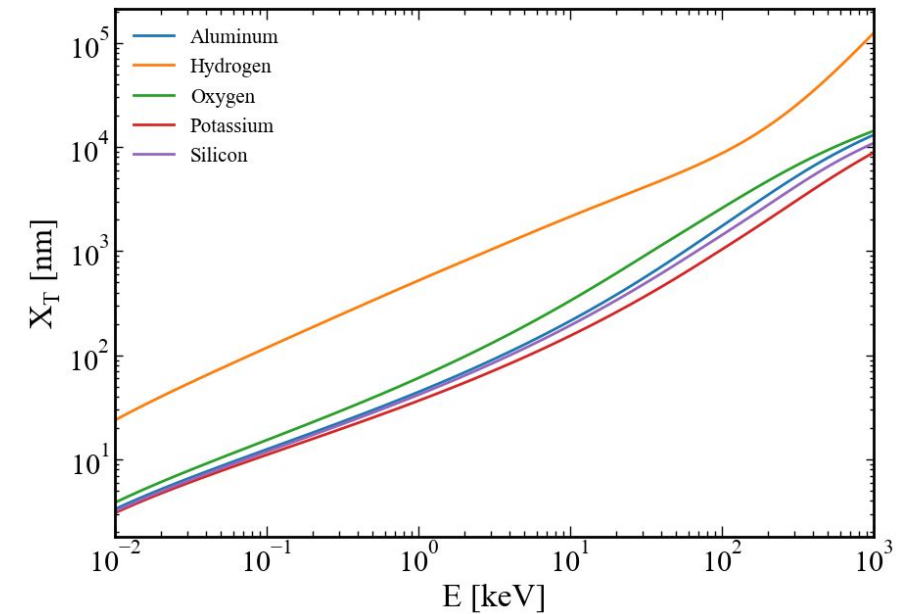
X	O	X
X	O	X
O	X	O

Track & Damage Features Formation

❖ Energy loss in solid materials due to :

- Electronic stopping (off electron clouds)
- Nuclear stopping (off nuclei)
- Nuclear recoils down to 0.1 - 1 keV

$$x_T(E_R) = \int_0^{E_R} \left| \frac{dE}{dx_T} \right|^{-1} dE$$



Ancient Natural Crystals - Paleo-Detectors

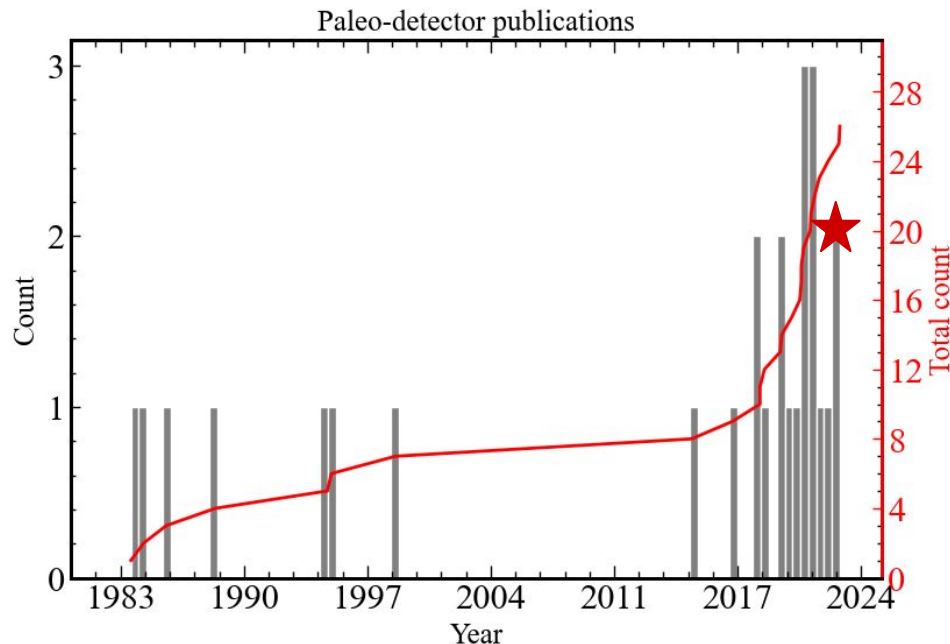
Ancient minerals - look into the past

- ❖ Natural minerals - good SSNTDs
- ❖ **Tracks** - nuclear recoils induced by Dark Matter & Neutrinos
- ❖ Preserve tracks for Myr/Gyr
- ❖ Accessible, relatively cheap

- ❖ **Small samples** but **Myr/Gyr exposure**
- ❖ **Neutrinos** - guaranteed signal/background



- ❖ Worldwide interest - novel emerging research field
- ❖ Growing amount of publications in last ~ 5 yr
- ❖ White paper in “*Physics of the Dark Universe*” (editor’s invitation)
 - 67 authors, 46 institutions, 113 pages



Physics of the Dark Universe

Volume 41, August 2023, 101245



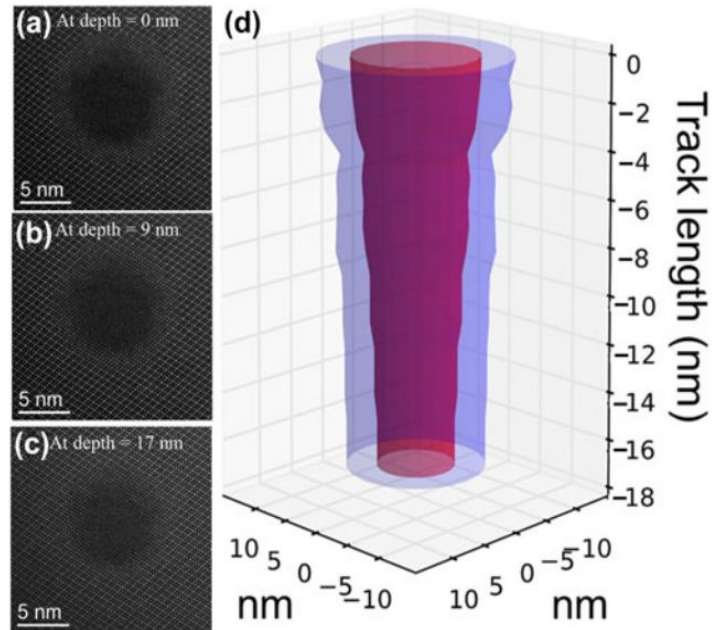
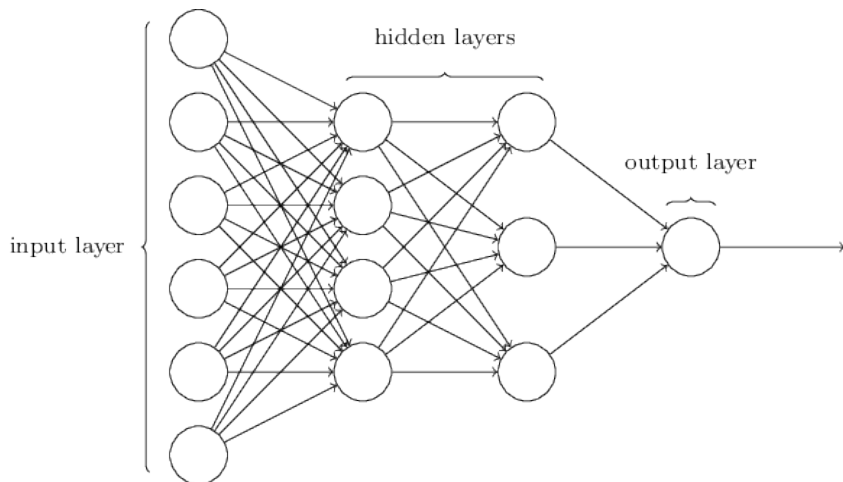
Mineral detection of neutrinos and dark matter. A whitepaper

Sebastian Baum¹, Patrick Stengel², Natsue Abe³, Javier F. Acevedo⁴, Gabriela R. Araujo⁵, Yoshihiro Asahara⁶, Frank Avignone⁷, Levente Balogh⁸, Laura Baudis⁵, Yilda Boukhtouchen⁹, Joseph Bramante^{9,10}, Pieter Alexander Breur⁴, Lorenzo Caccianiga¹¹, Francesco Capozzi¹², Juan I. Collar¹³, Reza Ebadi^{14,15}, Thomas Edwards¹⁶, Klaus Eitel¹⁷, Alexey Elykov¹⁷, Rodney C. Ewing¹⁸, Katherine Freese^{19,20}, Audrey Fung⁹, Claudio Galelli²¹, Ulrich A. Glasmacher²², Arianna Gleason⁴, Noriko Hasebe²³, Shigenobu Hirose²⁴, Shunsaku Horiuchi^{25,26}, Yasushi Hoshino²⁷, Patrick Huber²⁵, Yuki Ido²⁸, Yohei Igami²⁹, Norito Ishikawa³⁰,

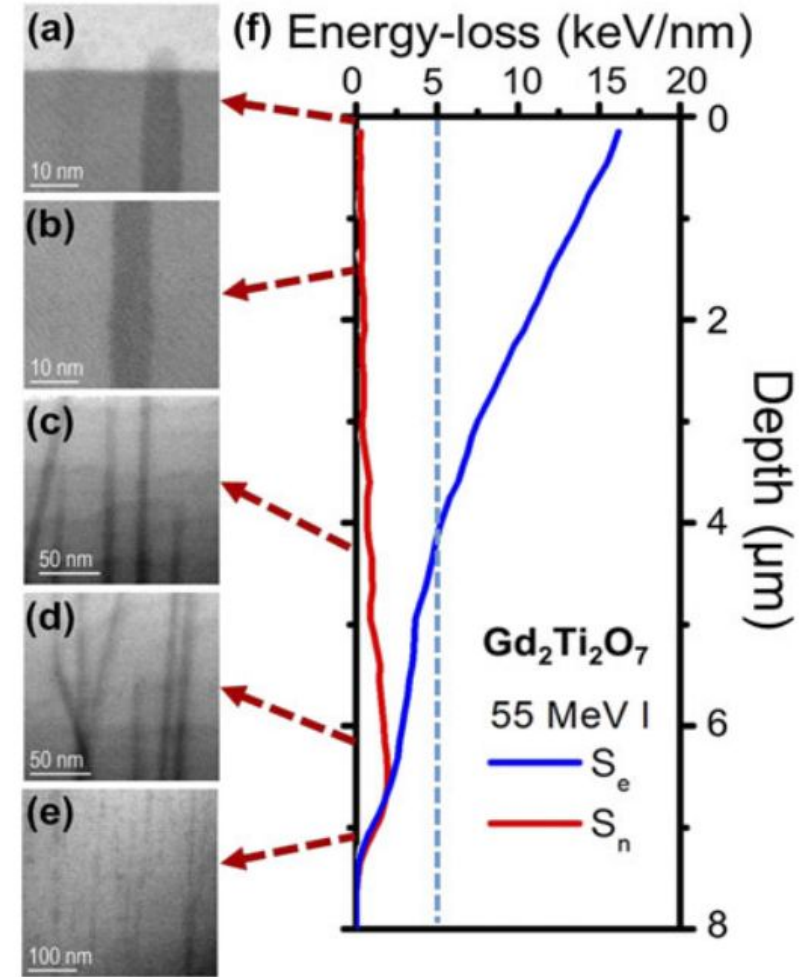
Paleo-Detectors - Why Now?

❖ Interest worldwide

- Unprecedented advances in nm-scale microscopy & manipulation techniques
- Computational advances - simulations, data processing
- Machine learning



2017: STEM-HAADF images and reconstruction of an ion track. (DOI: 10.1557/jmr.2016.418)



2016 : Ion track morphology at different depths in the material. (DOI: 10.1557/jmr.2016.418)

Why at KIT?

Karlsruhe Institute of Technology (KIT)

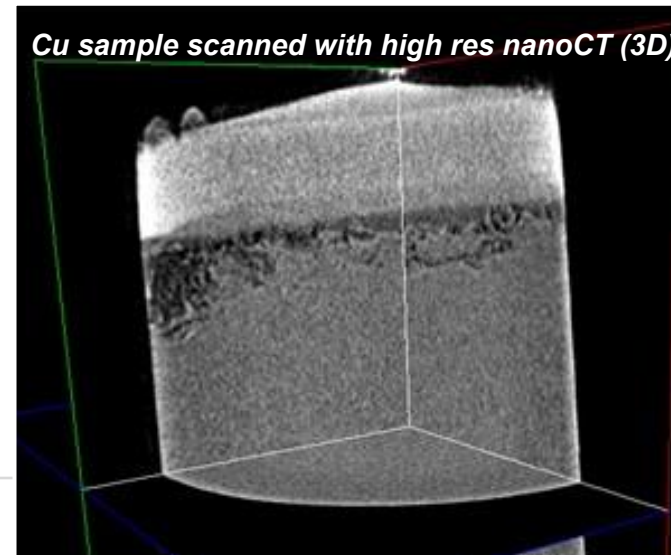
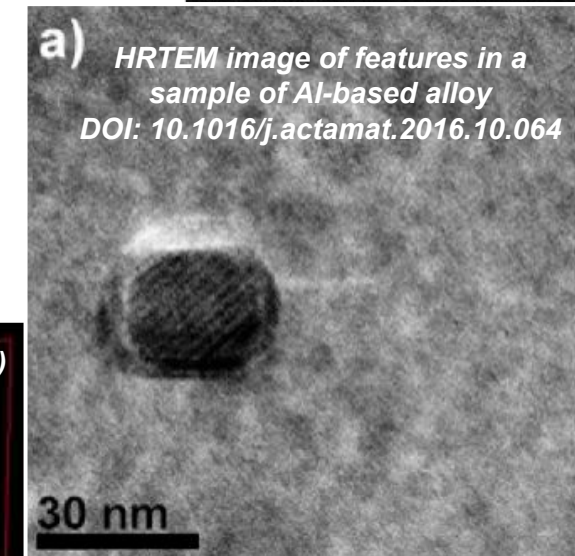
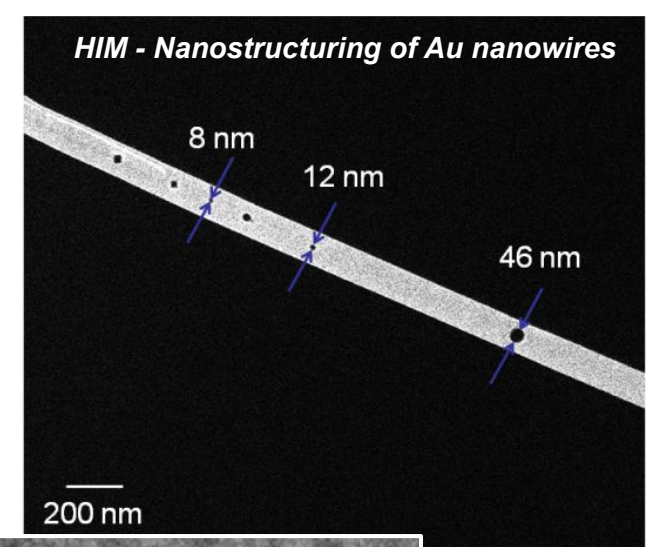
- ❖ **KIT is one of the major scientific research institutes in Europe**
 - ~9,500 scientific & other workers
 - ~24,000 students on various levels
- ❖ **Multiple Research Topics**
 - **Among others:** Energy, materials, information, geology ...
- ❖ **Particle & Astroparticle Physics**
 - Theoretical & experimental collider physics
 - Theoretical astroparticle physics
 - Pierre Auger Observatory, IceCube
 - XENONnT, KATRIN
 - Expertise in electronics, simulations, hardware R&D, data analysis & more ...



Why at KIT? - Microscopy

❖ Unique combination of different microscopy facilities & expertise

- Cutting edge nm-scale & μm -scale microscopy
- **Helium Ion Microscopy - HIM**
 - Resolution: $\leq 0.35 \text{ nm}$
 - FoV: $900 \mu\text{m} - 100 \text{ nm}$
- **Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM)**
 - Resolution: $\ll 1 \text{ nm}$
- **nanoCT (3D)**
 - X-ray energy: 5.4 keV
 - FoV: $16 \mu\text{m}$ (HRES), $65 \mu\text{m}$ (LRES)
 - Resolution: $50 - 100 \text{ nm}$
 - Non-destructive

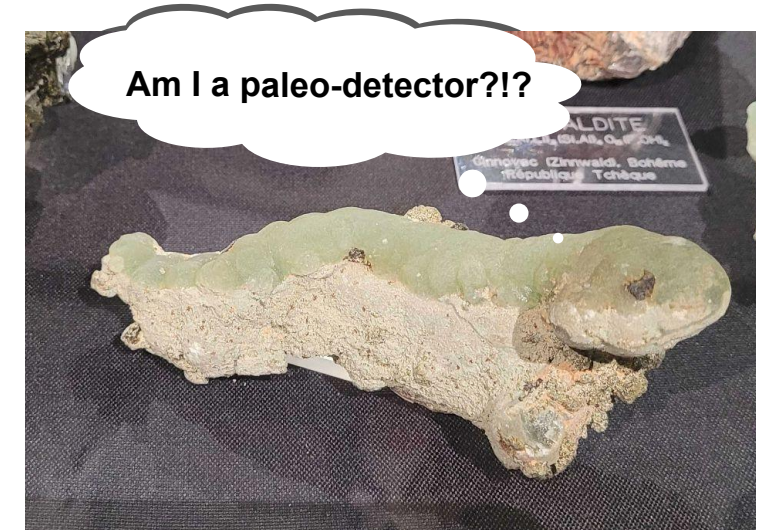
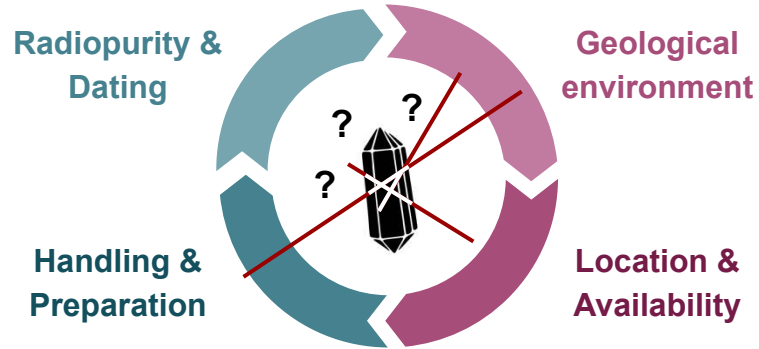


Many other microscopy facilities ...

Why at KIT? - Geology



UNIVERSITÄT
HEIDELBERG
ZUKUNFT
SEIT 1386

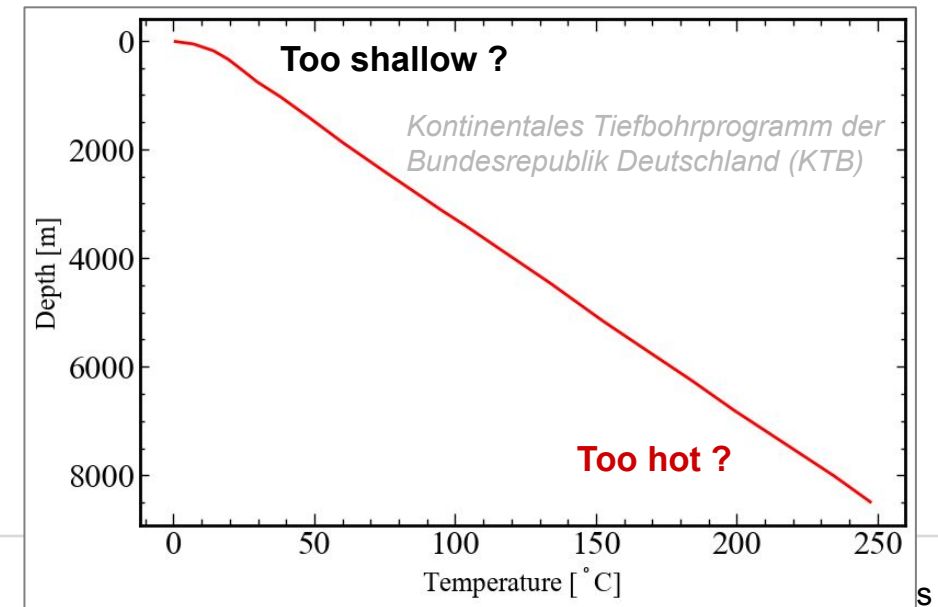


❖ KIT Institute of Applied Geosciences

- Expertise in geochemistry
- LA-ICP-MS analysis

❖ Cooperation with geologists from Heidelberg University

Want to tie the different aspects together...



Paleo-Detectors at KIT

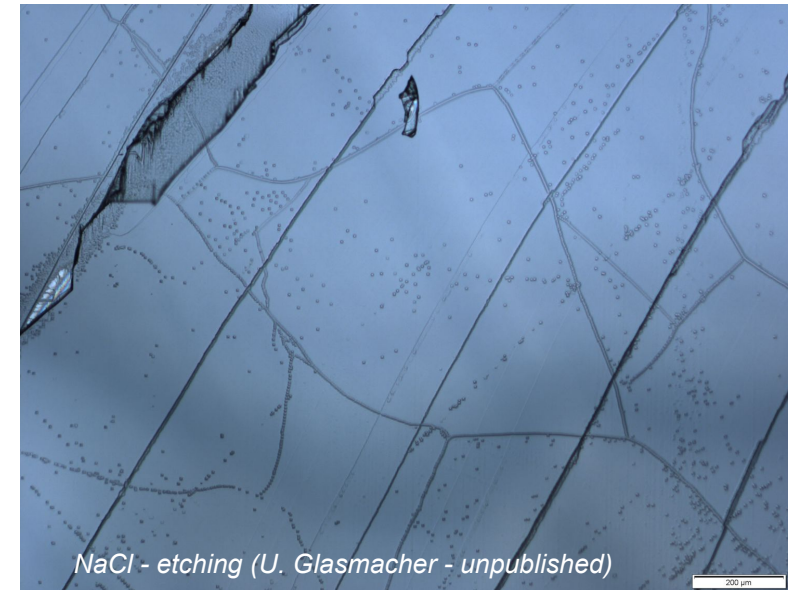


❖ KIT - Unique combination of different facilities & expertise

- Cutting edge nm-scale & μm -scale microscopy
- Dark Matter & Neutrino physics
- Numerical simulations, data acquisition & analysis
- ML - identification of minute structures in images

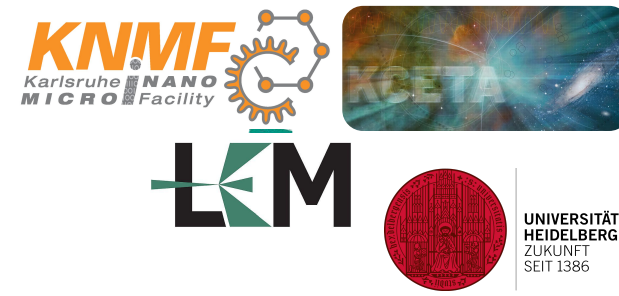
❖ Previous work: HEiKA 2019 - 2020, K. Eitel & U. Glasmacher

- “Searching for Dark Matter particle signatures with salt minerals as Palaeo-Detectors”



NaCl - etching (U. Glasmacher - unpublished)

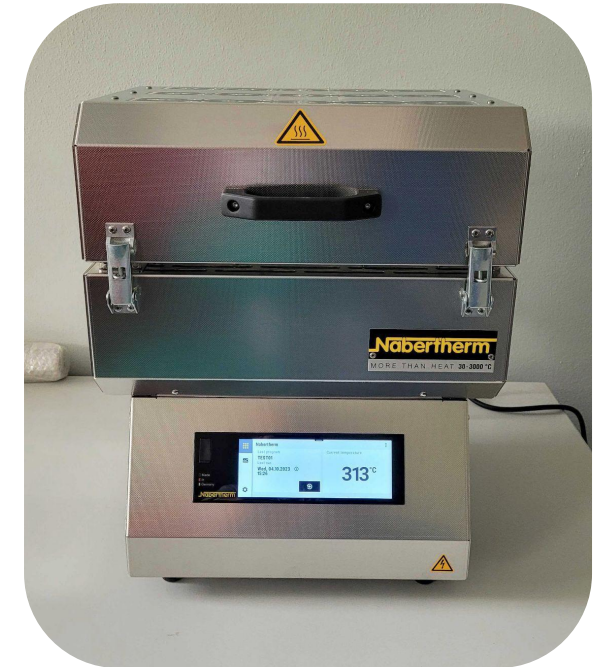
Paleo-Detectors at KIT



- ❖ KIT - Unique combination of different facilities & expertise
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- ❖ Previous work: HEiKA 2019 - 2020, K. Eitel & U. Glasmacher
 - “Searching for Dark Matter particle signatures with salt minerals as Palaeo-Detectors”

From 2023 - onward:

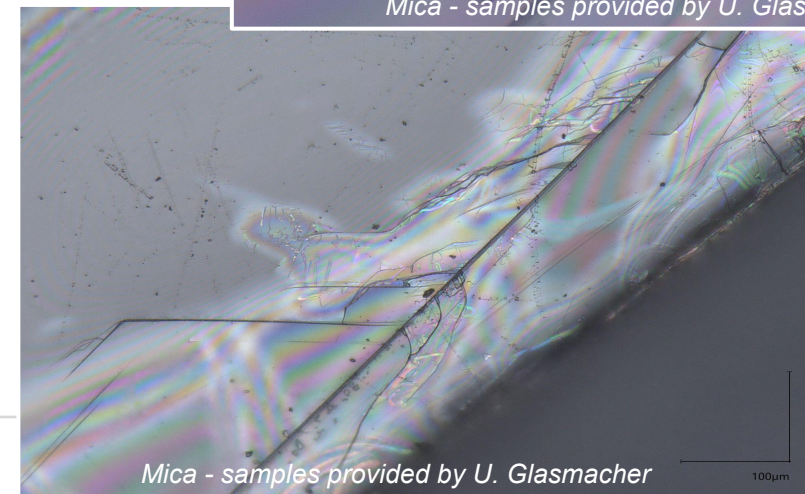
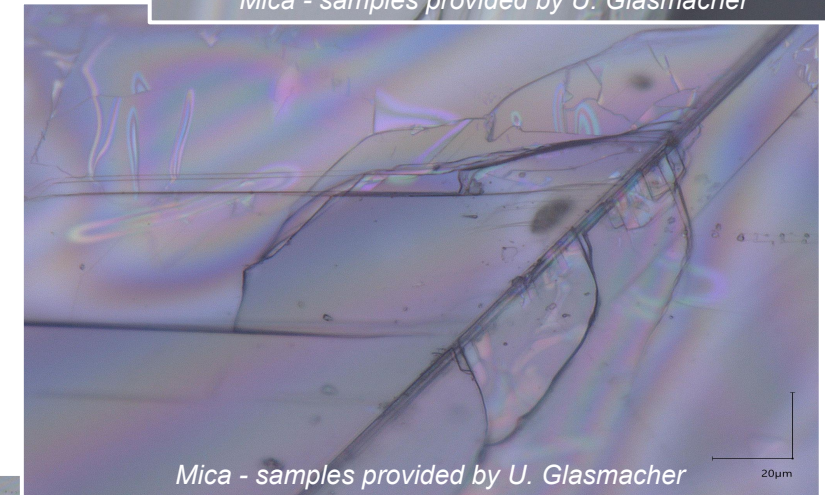
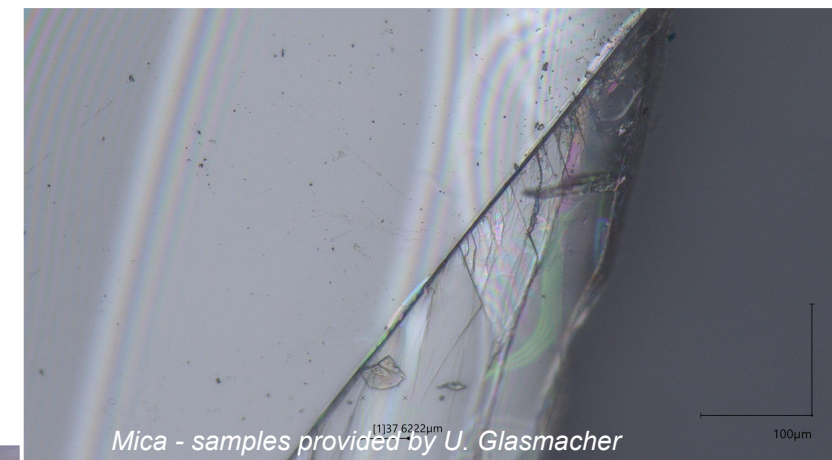
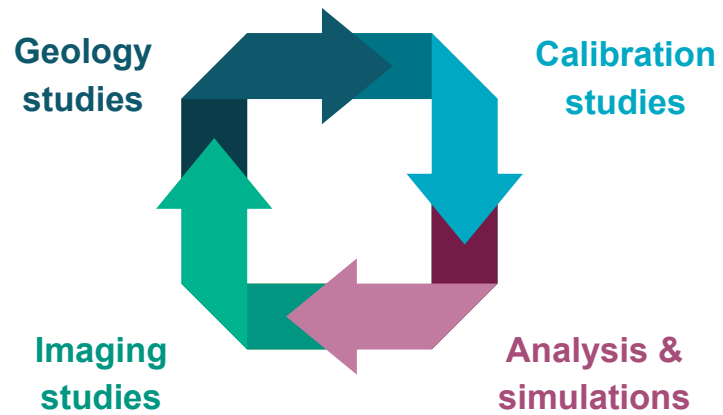
- ❖ Strong support by KIT IAP for a long-term Paleo-Detectors project
- ❖ KCETA - Seed funding for preliminary studies
- ❖ Establishing small-scale lab for paleo-detector studies
- ❖ **Experimental feasibility studies**



Paleo-Detectors at KIT

- ❖ **GOAL I:** Establish technology for track imaging & analysis in selected minerals
- ❖ **GOAL II:** Establish a realistic list of paleo-detector candidate minerals
- ❖ **GOAL III:** Deepen cooperation with microscopy & geology experts

- ❖ Cooperating with microscopy experts from KIT & geologists from Heidelberg



Paleo-Detectors at KIT

1. Mineral Selection & Preparation

- Range of minerals - sensitivity predictions, input from geology, microscopy
- Muscovite (blank), Biotite (irradiated with Xe ions) - as a starting point

2. Calibration - Track Production

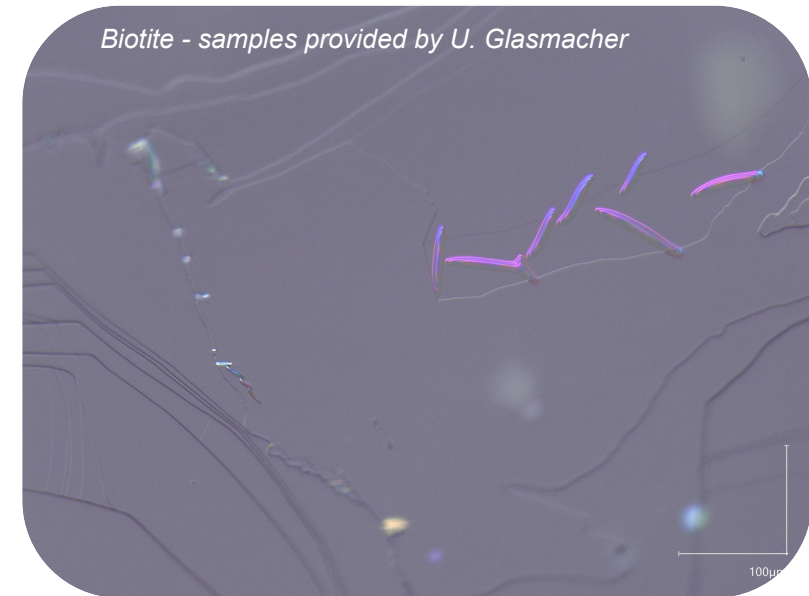
- Local lab - anneal samples
- ^{252}Cf (n ~ 2.2 MeV), $^{241}\text{AmBe}$ (n 2-10 MeV) - nm & μm -scale damage features

3. Mineral & Track Imaging

Use & compare several microscopy techniques with nm- & μm -scale resolution

4. Analysis & Characterization

- Identify & classify observed tracks using ML algorithms
- Correlate morphology of tracks with deposited energy



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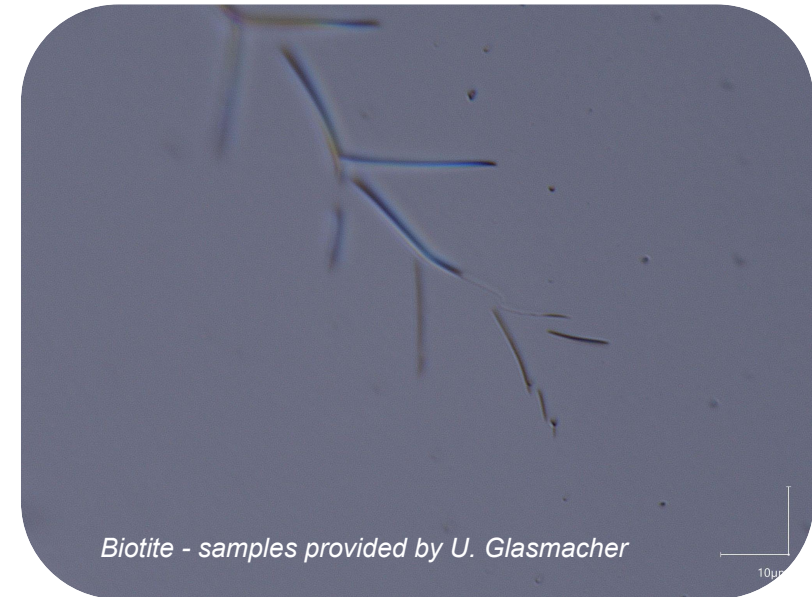
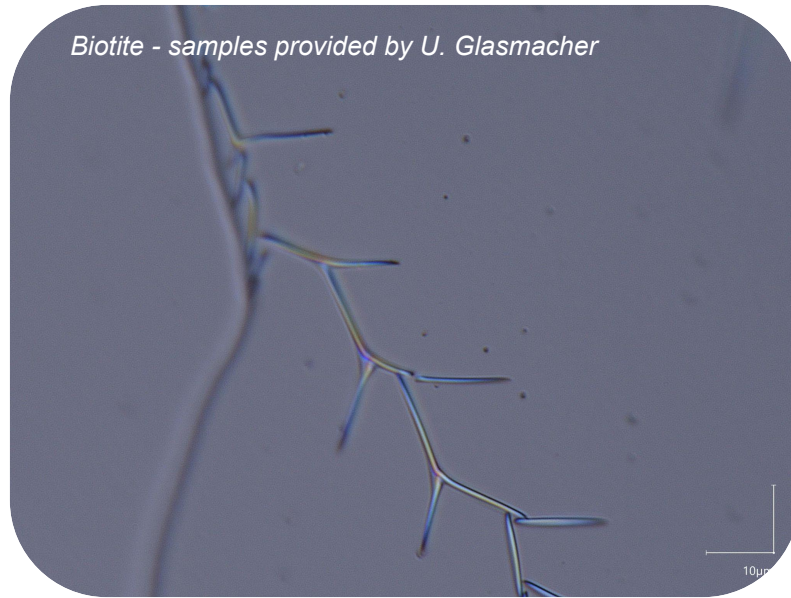
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Use & compare several microscopy techniques with nm- & μm -scale resolution

4. Analysis & Characterization

- Identify & classify observed tracks using ML algorithms
- Correlate morphology of tracks with deposited energy

Long-term Paleo-Detector program at KIT



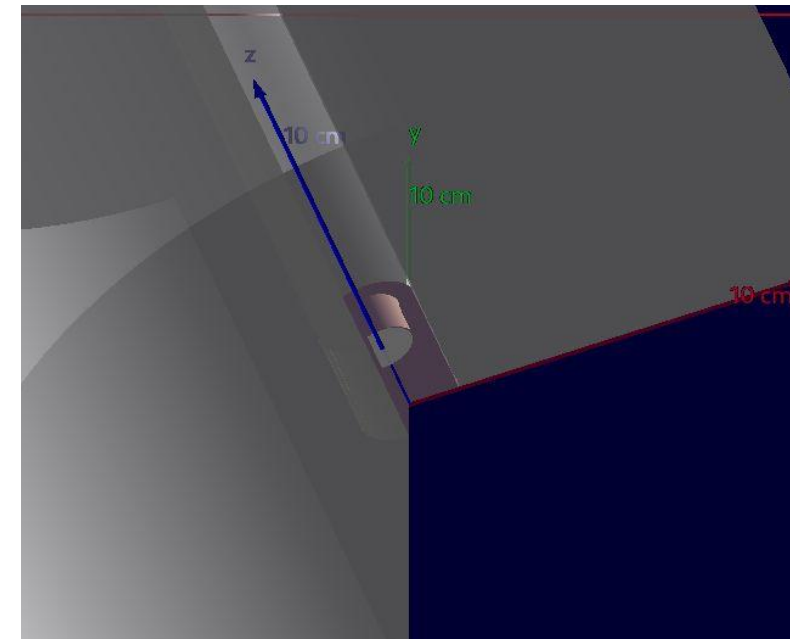
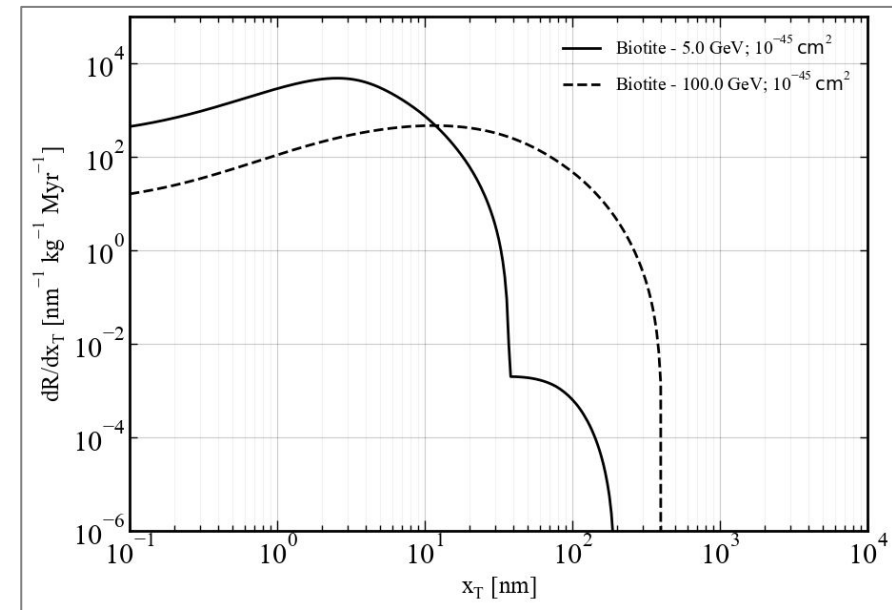
Software & Simulations

❖ paleoKIT

- Python-based
- Imaging & physics analysis tools
- **Ongoing**: SRIM sims of selected minerals
- **TODO**: Sensitivity of select minerals

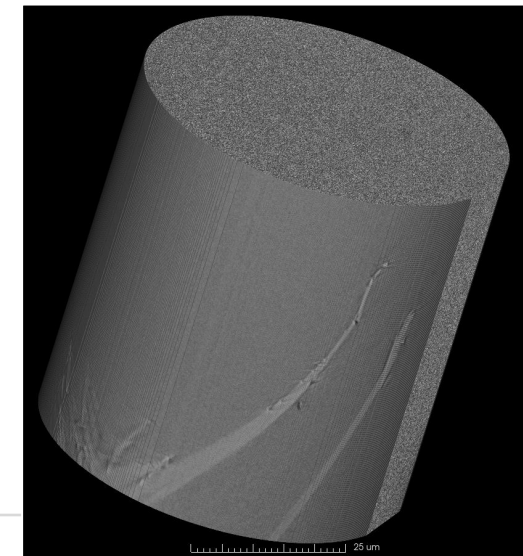
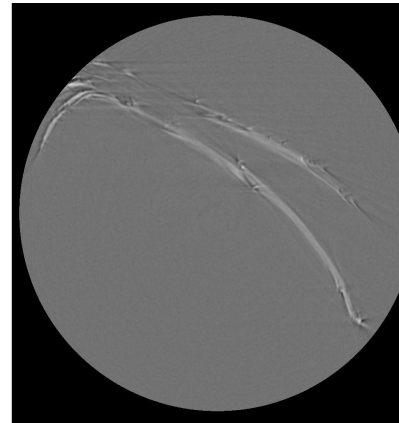
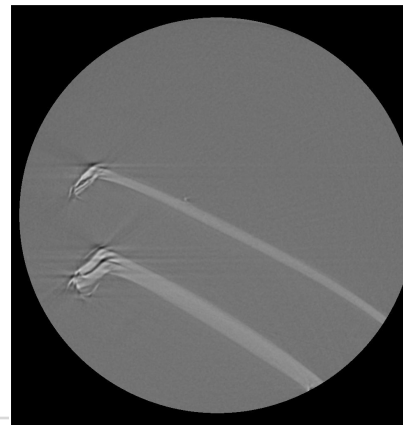
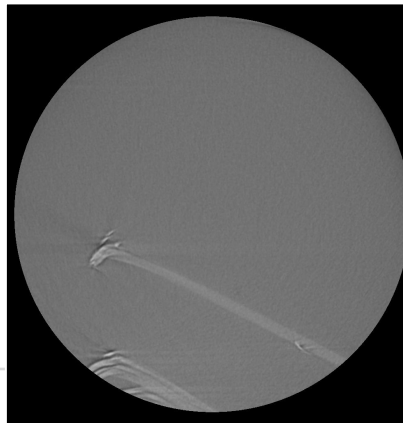
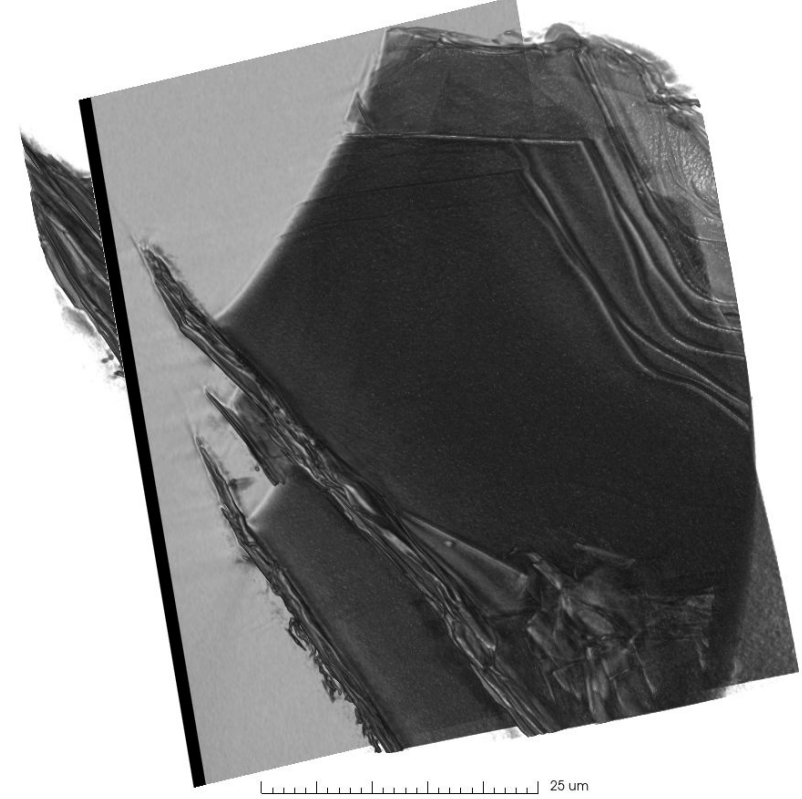
❖ paleoSIM

- GEANT4 simulations
- **Ongoing**: neutron irradiation studies using ^{252}Cf , $^{241}\text{AmBe}$
- **TODO**: Ion & n-induced track studies

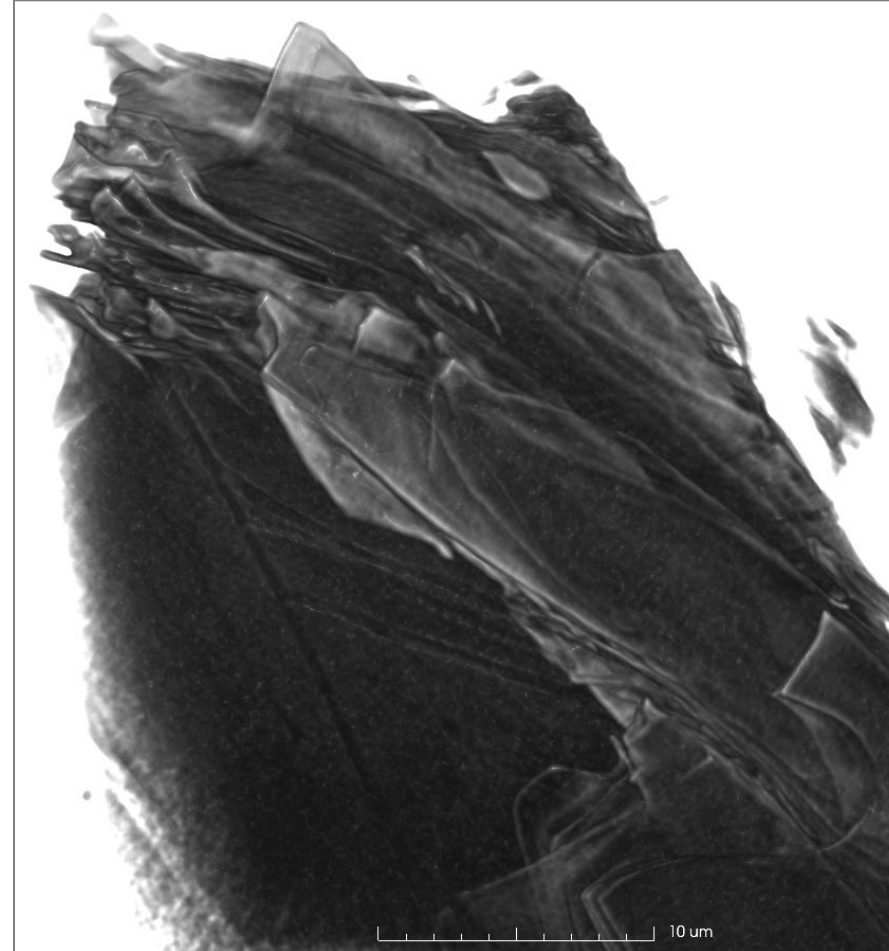
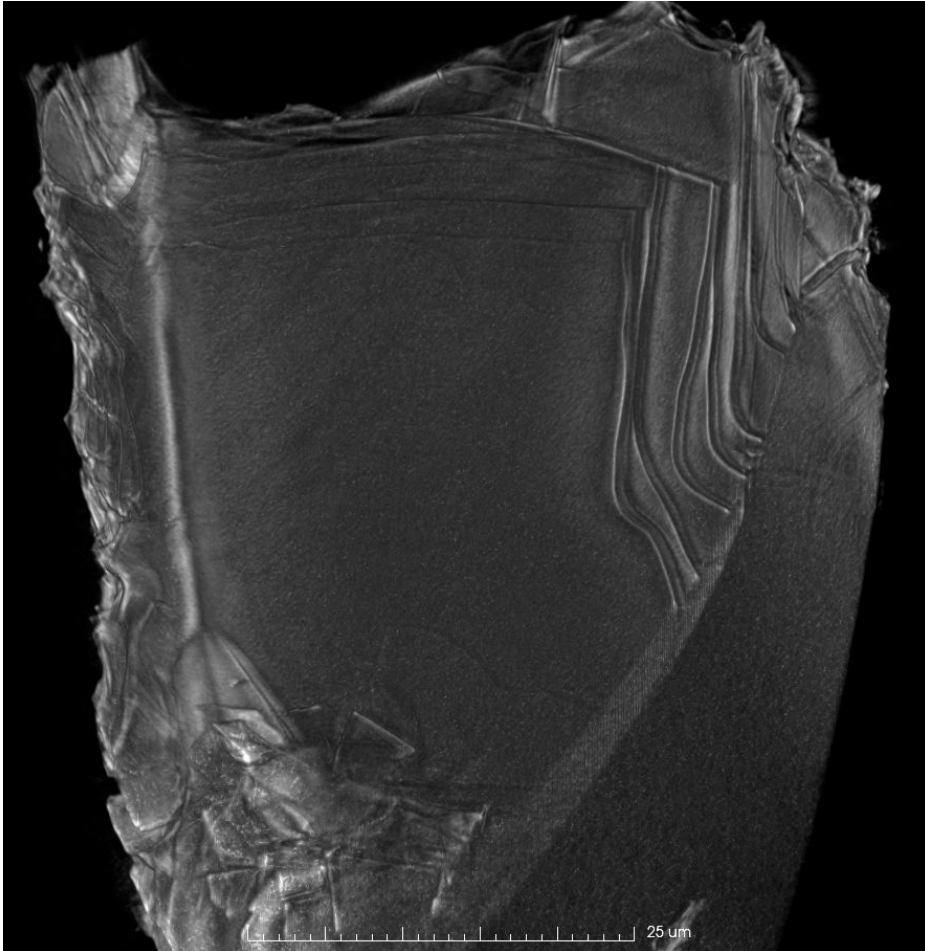


Mineral Imaging - nanoCT

- ❖ **First calibration studies**
 - Devise best practices for preparing samples
- ❖ Full 3D profile of the imaged sample
- ❖ 64 nm resolution per pixel for O(10) μ m samples
 - Image inner structure prior to high res imaging - natural damage, cracks
 - Can resolve substructure & μ m-sized tracks/damage features?

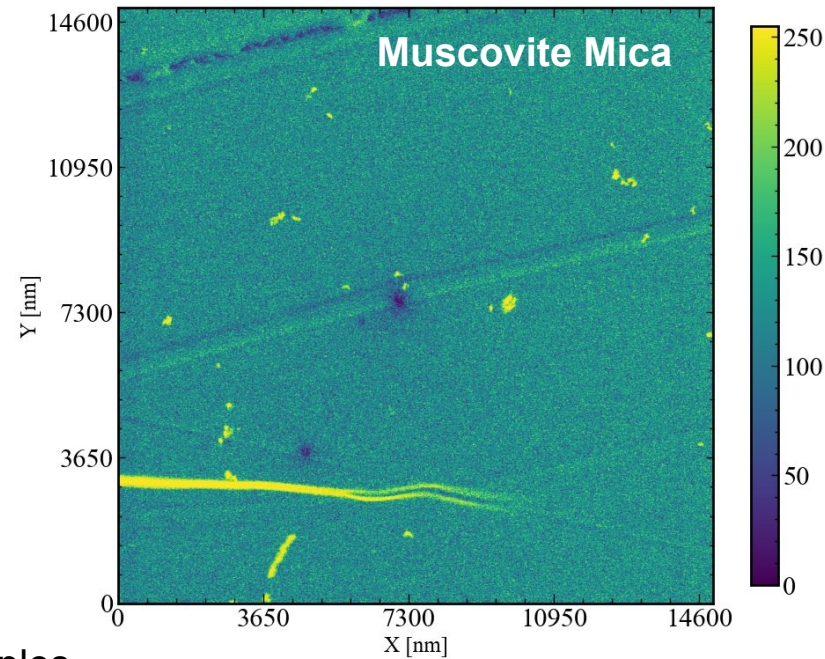
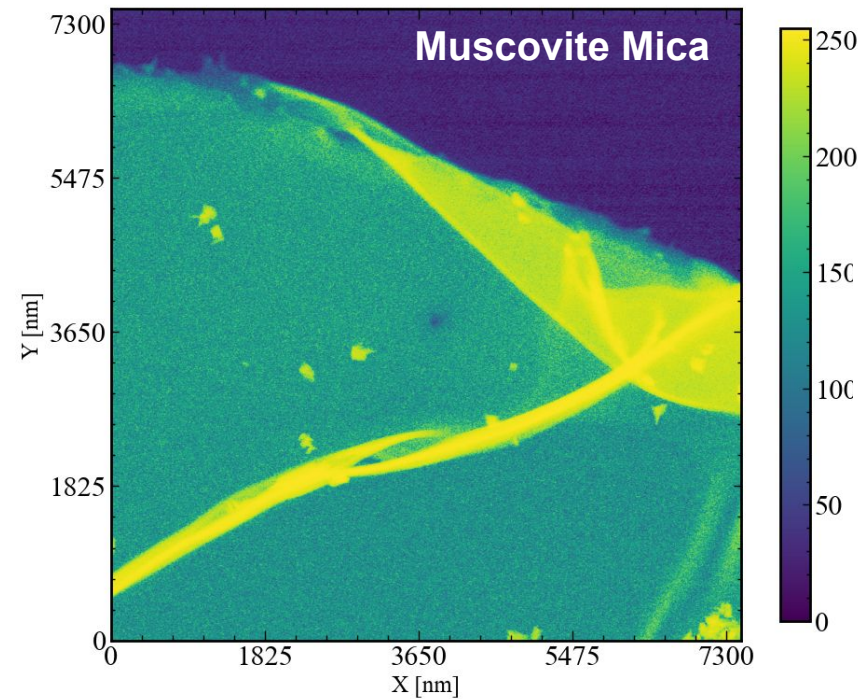
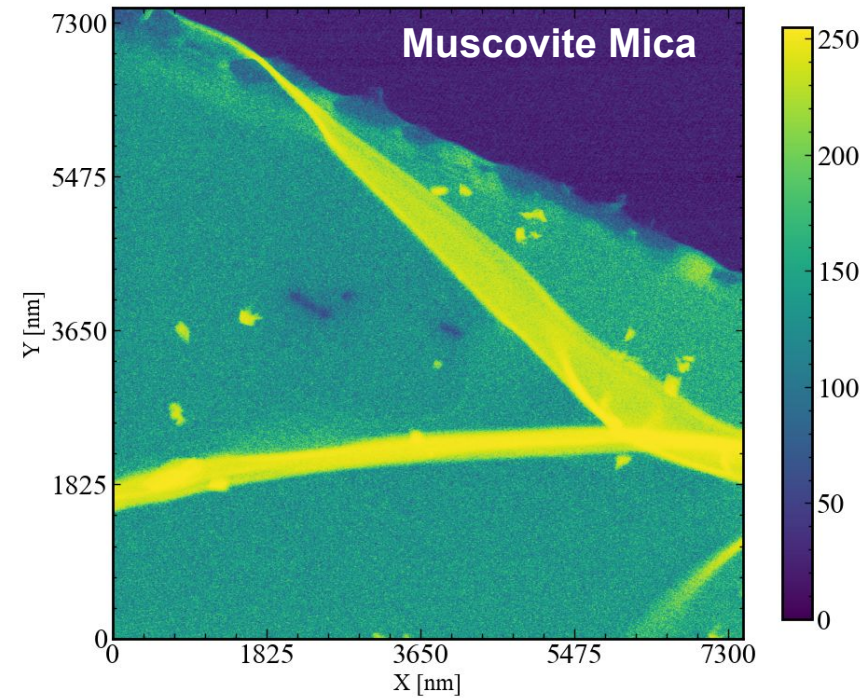


Mineral Imaging - nanoCT



- ❖ Imaging $< 1 \mu\text{m}$ features in crudely prepared Muscovite samples - can definitely improve
- ❖ Preliminary results are interesting & promising

Mineral Imaging - TEM



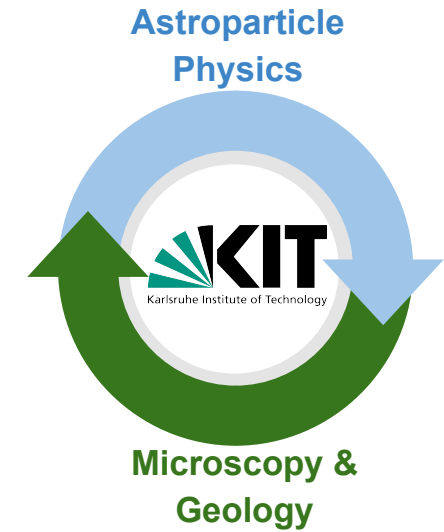
❖ First calibration studies

- ~3 nm per pixel
- Imaging non conductive samples
- Sample preparation - mechanical cutting, FIB to create ~200 nm thick lamellae

❖ Prevent destructive effects from electrons

❖ After tests with “blank” Muscovite samples will move to Biotite & irradiated Muscovite samples

- ❖ **KIT - Unique combination of different facilities & expertise**
 - Perfect place for a mineral-based detector project
- ❖ Preliminary studies ongoing
 - Software development for analysis & calibration studies
 - Imaging studies with microscopy experts
 - Want to identify & test realistic mineral candidates
 - Only just crossed the starting line, but great potential!
- ❖ **Establishing a long-term Paleo-Detector program at KIT - contact us!**



*Hope to see you in the next MDvDM meeting
& show you some results.*